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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/807,014	03/22/2004	Woon Shing Tai	52248/RVW/C990	2231
23363 7	590 01/31/2005		EXAMINER	
CHRISTIE, PARKER & HALE, LLP			LEGESSE, NINI F	
PO BOX 7068 PASADENA, CA 91109-7068		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3711	
			DATE MAILED: 01/31/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/807,014	TAI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	Nini F. Legesse	3711				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim  ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE!	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 E	December 2004.					
<u>_</u>						
,— ···	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-8,10 and 15-17</u> is/are rejected.	· · · <del>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</del>					
7) Claim(s) 9,11-14 and 18 is/are objected to.						
1 1 = 1 1 1	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority document</li> </ul>		-(d) or (f).				
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received in Application	on No. <u>·</u>				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	rity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage				
application from the International Burea	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	<u>.</u>				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	d.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)  Characteristics of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  5) Other:						

Application/Control Number: 10/807,014

Art Unit: 3711

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1, 6, 7, 15, and 16 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 1, 2, 5-10, 13, 14, 18 and 19 of U. S. Patent No. 6,773,357 since the claims, if allowed, would improperly extend the "right to exclude" already granted in the patent.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the patent and is covered by the patent since the patent and the application are claiming common subject matter, as follows: they both claim a first and second attachment structures, an upper and lower alignment members, longitudinal support member, target, wherein the alignment members are flexible, and a hinge.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant was prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application during prosecution of

the application, which matured into a patent. See In re Schneller, 397 F.2d 350, 158

# **Objections**

The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: the expressions "first arm" and "second arm" in claims 2, 4 and 5; and the expression "third arm" in claims 3, 4 and 5 should be included in the specification.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by T. L. Atkinson (US Patent No. 2,276,141).

Atkinson discloses a device comprising:

• With regards to claim 1, first and second attachment structures (1); An upper and a lower alignment members (items 9 located on the right side of Fig. 1); at least one longitudinal support member disposed between and fixedly attached to the attachment structures (element 9 as shown on the left side of Fig. 1); and a

target (the bottom right references 4 and 5 together) attached to the first attachment structure, and wherein the target defines an opening that is at least as large as a regulation size golf ball (see Figs. 1 and 3). With respect to the intended use recitation, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 152

Page 4

• With regards to claims 2 - 5, the target comprises a first arm (5), a second arm (6), and a third arm (4) and all recited elements of the claims (see Fig. 3).

USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Claims 1-8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Leifheit (US Patent No. 3,888,353).

Leifheit discloses a device comprising:

• With regards to claim 1, first and second attachment structures (10); An upper and a lower alignment members (items 12 or 13 located in the middle as shown on Fig. 2); at least one longitudinal support member disposed between and fixedly attached to the attachment structures (the far left or the far right bottom rod or upper element 12 and 13 as shown on Fig. 2); and a target (the bottom right references numbers combination 10 and 20 as shown on Fig. 2) attached to

Application/Control Number: 10/807,014 Page 5

Art Unit: 3711

the first attachment structure, and wherein the target defines an opening that is at least as large as a regulation size golf ball (see Fig. 2). With respect to the intended use recitation, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

- With regards to claims 2 5, the target comprises a first arm (right bottom leg part of item 20), second arm (left bottom leg of item 20), and a third arm (middle section between the legs as shown on Fig.2) and all recited elements of the claims (see Fig. 2).
- With regards to claim 6, the target opening is centered with respect to the vertical plane (see Fig. 2).
- With regards to claim 7, see the rejection of claim above. And please note that
  the term "flexible" is a relative term and the alignment members are considered
  to be flexible to some extent.
- With regards to claim 8, wherein said at least one of the alignment members is expandable (see column 3 lines 15-33).
- With regards to claim 10, the alignment members are generally circular in cross-section (see Fig. 2).

Application/Control Number: 10/807,014

Art Unit: 3711

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Atkinson in view of Marker, Jr. (US Patent No. 3,722,702).

With regards to claim 15, Atkinson discloses the invention as recited above but fails to teach the use of hinge in his device. However, Marker teaches the use of hinge in a rack element (34). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide hinge in a rack as taught by Marker in the Atkinson device in order to quickly set up the rack without tools and without the need for connection of parts as stated in column 2, lines 1-3 of the Marker's reference.

With regards to claim 16, it is noted that the term "flexible" is a relative term and the alignment members of the Atkinson's device are considered to be flexible to some extent.

With regards to claim 17, as stated above the term "flexible" is a relative term and the alignment members of the Atkinson's device are considered to be flexible to some extent. With regards to the members being expandable (see column 2 lines 48+).

Art Unit: 3711

# Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 9, 11-14, and 18 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nini F. Legesse whose telephone number is (571) 272-4412. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 AM - 6:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Greg Vidovich can be reached on (571) 272-4415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

fini F. Lagesse Nini F. Legesse

01/28/05